

### Lunchtime Seminor Trauma & Relationships in Foster Care

Fiona Templeton Elizabeth Lyttle Laura Butler

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# Welcome



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## Introduction

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## Lunchtime Seminar

### **Fiona Templeton**

'My experience of school' The perspective of adopted young people aged 16-21 years

**Fiona Templeton** 



Ulster University

## I AM AWARE THAT I AM LESS THAN SOME PEOPLE PREFER ME TO BE BUT MOST PEOPLE ARE UNAWARE THAT I AM SO MU(H MORE THAN WHAT THEY SEE. AYSAYAKO || TUMBLR

#### education is a **top priority** for the majority of

established adoptive families Adoption Barometer' (2019)

## WHY?

#### Adopted young people can be invisible

in the school population

Systematic narrative review highlighted that we need to hear from the young people themselves

#### permanently excluded

at a rate just over **20 times** that of the general pupil population. Adoption UK, (2017)









#### The Adoptee in school

Relationships

'I never really struggled with making (friends)... it was more maintaining friendships because I always had a distrust.' 'I always struggled to involve myself with friend groups.'

'Sometimes it can be hard for an adopted young person to ... manage lots of different relationships within school.' 'I ...had a lack of respect for all of the school workers... except some... who ... were able to recognise the signs of trauma.'

'For about half the

year my behaviour was quite horrific as in physical altercations every couple of days.' 4 out of 9 moved secondary due to issues with behaviour. My mum was in and out of the school every day for me being bad .... I was just a wee s--- in school. But there was problems there.'

'Teachers never asked why. They never wanted to know the reason ... I was so upset... They always assumed I was being a brat... and so that led me to go mad and constantly argue and argue even more.'







#### Discussion

'... nervous system is hardwired at an elevated level' and these challenging behaviours 'are demonstrative of the internal chaotic world churning inside.'

Forbes (2012)

'Trauma affected children can 'collapse emotionally when they feel overwhelmed or stressed. It does not take much for them to quickly unravel...' *Bomber 2013* 

'This means that seemingly minor threats can cause dramatic changes in behaviour.' Department of Education – 'Putting Care Into Education' (2018)





Total expulsions - 30 19 from Key Stage 3 (Years 8 to 10) The most common reason (11 out of 30 expulsions) 'Persistent infringements of school rules' www.education-ni.gov.uk



A policy of exclusion or isolation can encourage '... a child to go off into its own world and dissociate, exacerbating the type of emotional disconnection found in attachment disorders.' Purvis, Cross, Lyons Sunshine, (2018)



'...care-experienced children tend to struggle with the ... demands of school and... they do better in some schools than others.'

Department of Education – 'Putting Care into Education' (2018)



#### Education

- Training on the impact of developmental trauma and how it can impact on a child in the school environment for all student and established teachers
- Review of school discipline policies in light of the findings.
- Education, Training and Inspectorate (ETI) to include a report of how attachment aware a school is following inspections.
- Identified advocates for adopted young people in schools.



#### Health and Social Care

- On going training of social workers in the delivery of life story material
- On going training of social workers on the impact of trauma
- Training of prospective adopters on the impact of early life trauma and loss, a therapeutic approach to managing behaviour and importance of life story work.
- Ongoing support to adoptive families particularly on the approach of adolescence.





- Be curious
- Recognise that it can be hard to trust you
- Work to create an emotionally safe environment
- Record information carefully
- Learn more about the impact of trauma
- Remember there is more to the person than you are currently seeing

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- Department of Education 'Putting care into Education' resource booklet <u>www.education-ni.gov.uk/publications</u>
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- *'Strategy for Looked After Children: Improving children's lives'*, <u>www.education-ni.gov.uk</u>
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## Lunchtime Seminar

### **Elizabeth Lyttle** Service User and Carer

Experiences of adoption disruption in Northern Ireland: the parents' perspective



Elizabeth Lyttle (service user and carer)





#### Research

Selwyn, J., Meakings, S. and Wijedasa, D. (2015) *Beyond the adoption order: challenges, interventions and adoption disruption*. London: British Association of Adoption & Fostering.

Palacios, J., Rolock, N., Selwyn, J. and Barbosa-Ducharne, M. (2018) Adoption Breakdown: Concept, Research, and Implications. *Research on Social Work Practice*, 29, 130-142.

Palacios, J., Adroher, S., Brodzinsky, D.M., Grotevant, H.D., Johnson, D.E., Juffer, F., Martinez-Mora, L., Muhamedrahimov, R.J., Selwyn, J., Simmonds, J. and Tarren-Sweeney, M. (2019) Adoption in the service of child protection. *Psychology, Public Policy, and Law,* 25 (2), 57-72.

### 13 families

At least one parent in each family originated from NI

The children were adopted from ...

- Care system Northern Ireland (8)
- Care system other parts of UK (3)
- From abroad (2)





### 16 children

5 boys 11 girls

- 11 individual disruptions
- A sibling group of 2
- A sibling group of 3

Age at disruption Youngest 8 Oldest 16 Most common age 14

## Children's journey to adoption

#### At home with birth family

Range 0 – 60 months:

- 7 children 13 months or less with birth family
- 7 at home between 2 and 3 years
- 2 brothers left their family when they were 5

#### **Reasons for leaving**

- Neglect/abuse reported
- one relinquished at birth

# Children's journey to adoption

#### 1 move

1 child was placed for adoption at birth 2 siblings went to concurrent foster carers

#### **1** foster placement

8 children stayed in one foster placement for periods between 17 – 52 months

#### Multiple moves/carers

2 children had multiple moves in foster-care, one of these had a failed adoption placement

A sibling group of 3 lived in an orphanage for 3 years

# Age at placement for adoption

Birth

Between 18 and 26 months



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Between 33 and 40 months



Between 5 and 8 years


#### Semi-structured interviews



Findings

- Safety issues
- Support networks
- Searching children
- Social Services
- Stress and strain

Findings

### Safety issues

"she'd destroyed the house... the police had came over the last two weeks and they said to the social worker that day... 'you take her because she's going to kill somebody'" "we didn't realise how it was affecting (brother's) mental health ... it got to the point where we could have lost him" "she'd regularly run away ... to be with boys, obsessed with boys from an early age, very overtly sexual"

Findings

#### Support Networks

*"it's like it's nearly your shameful secret we didn't get into the detail of it really at all, sitting in the police station for the fourth time"* 



"We became kinda isolated family-wise cause you couldn't tell anybody anything because it would be 'wise up sure she's only a teenager' or you know, things like that"

Findings

## Searching Children



"she wanted to be in care like her sister... she had said she would rather have a bad family than this family... before she'd even left home she had changed her Facebook page to her birth name so she'd already made preparations in her head"

Findings

## Social Services



"we certainly weren't prepared for the kind of stuff we were facing"

"you need continuity, the last thing you need in crisis and trauma is a new bubbly person who comes into your life and thinks that it's all fine and dry and it'll be sorted out in three months' time"

"you feel that all the time you're being judged"

"we'd relinquished her into care because we couldn't keep her safe and then when she's in care she's actually less safe"

Findings

## Stress & Strain



"I had to give up my job"

"we were walking on eggshells constantly ... as soon as you heard (child's) foot on the stair you were on high alert"

"you have to become numb ... you just have to shut it all down within you because otherwise how do you get through it? How do you get through it?"

"an enormous strain on the whole family, an enormous strain on the marriage"

"It's like two worlds colliding"

- The world of the child
- The world of the parents
- The world of Social Services

fear.. trust.. control



Recommendations

#### Honesty and openness at all stages of the adoption process

- recruitment and preparation
- matching and placement
- post-adoption support

#### Competent and trauma-informed workers

- non-judgemental and kind, will listen to and believe parents
- assess carefully in consultation with parents
- work in partnership with parents to plan support
- stay with the family throughout their adoption journey

### **Trauma Informed Care**

"In recognising the impact of childhood adversity on child and adult outcomes, Trauma informed services strive to build trustworthy collaborative relationships with children and the important adults in their lives, as well as improve consistency and communication across linked organisations and sectors, with the aim of enhancing child and family capacity for resilience and recovery, and reducing organisational practices that may inadvertently exacerbate the detrimental effects of severe adversity."

Safeguarding Board for Northern Ireland & Queens University Belfast (2018)

ACEs Evidence Review Developing Trauma informed Practice in Northern Ireland



## Lunchtime Seminor Trauma & Relationships in Foster Care

## Laura Butler

Social Worker Family Placement Team NHSCT











### Trauma & Relationships in Foster Care

Based on findings from the 2019 study: 'Foster Carers' Experiences of the Role of their Personal Support Networks in Helping Develop Resilience.'

> Laura Butler, Social Worker Family Placement Team NHSCT













## **Context & Background**



Foster carers – provide a vital role in caring for children who cannot live with their own families, (Randle et al., 2017)



Children entering care rises annually.



Caring for distressed children is stressful - affects recruitment & retention of foster carers



Need to evaluate and utilise natural support systems.











## **Study Focus**

- Semi-structured interviews with foster carers 9 to 30 years' experience.
- Explored thoughts, feelings & perceptions of:
- Challenges of fostering,
- Role of the support of family & friends' in building resilience to continue to foster.













- Foster carers used 'trial and error' & therapeutic approaches with trauma-experienced children.
- Determination not to give up on children despite extremely challenging behaviour.

...It just depends how you look at your role...I look at it as providing them with as normal a family as what I would have had and that wasn't about sending them anywhere every time, they caused a bit of disruption...









Foster carers shared common goal to protect children's well-being.

Missing cues from a child was upsetting.

Child placement endings, especially breakdowns traumatic - impact on foster carers' resilience











Experienced foster families - self-contained, coping alone - informing professionals afterwards.



Interventions not always helpful



Some thought their self-sufficiency was relied upon.



Foster carers spoke either *very* positively or very critically of professional interventions.



One professional could have immense impact on motivation.













Protection of children's 'social image' & privacy.

Understanding of the fostering role crucial to family/friend support being beneficial.

Additional responsibilities of fostering not always recognised

Some family/friends distanced themselves from fostering role.



Some foster carers experienced negative attitudes from friends/family.











"...we could never turn to her for support... it was like we went into this on our own and we found that...You could never discuss the children with her..."



"...after (my husband) died everybody thought that I'd just give up and I was very disappointed about that..."



















#### **Conclusions & Recommendations**

Recognise value of people with insight into fostering to promote support for foster families.

Encourage networking between foster carers.

Recognise unique stresses of fostering, review expectations on foster carers to cope alone & provide more support around placement breakdowns.

Provide creative support & reduce input gradually.

Ensure means to report deteriorating relationships with professionals.

Promote positive relationships between birth parents and foster carers.

Explore promotion of 'connectedness.'











## **Any Questions?**

THANK .

• Thank you!





# Feedback





# Thank You



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